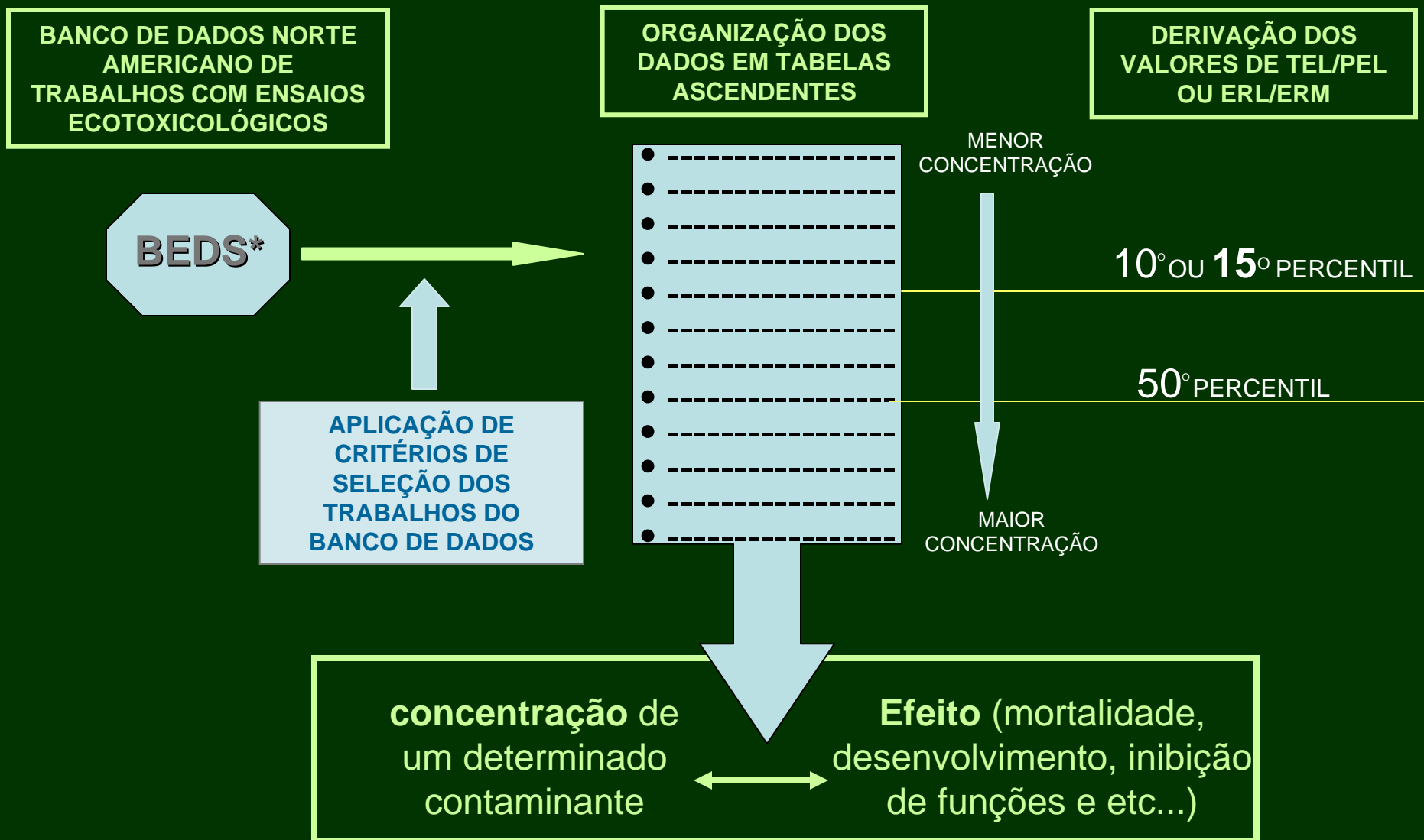


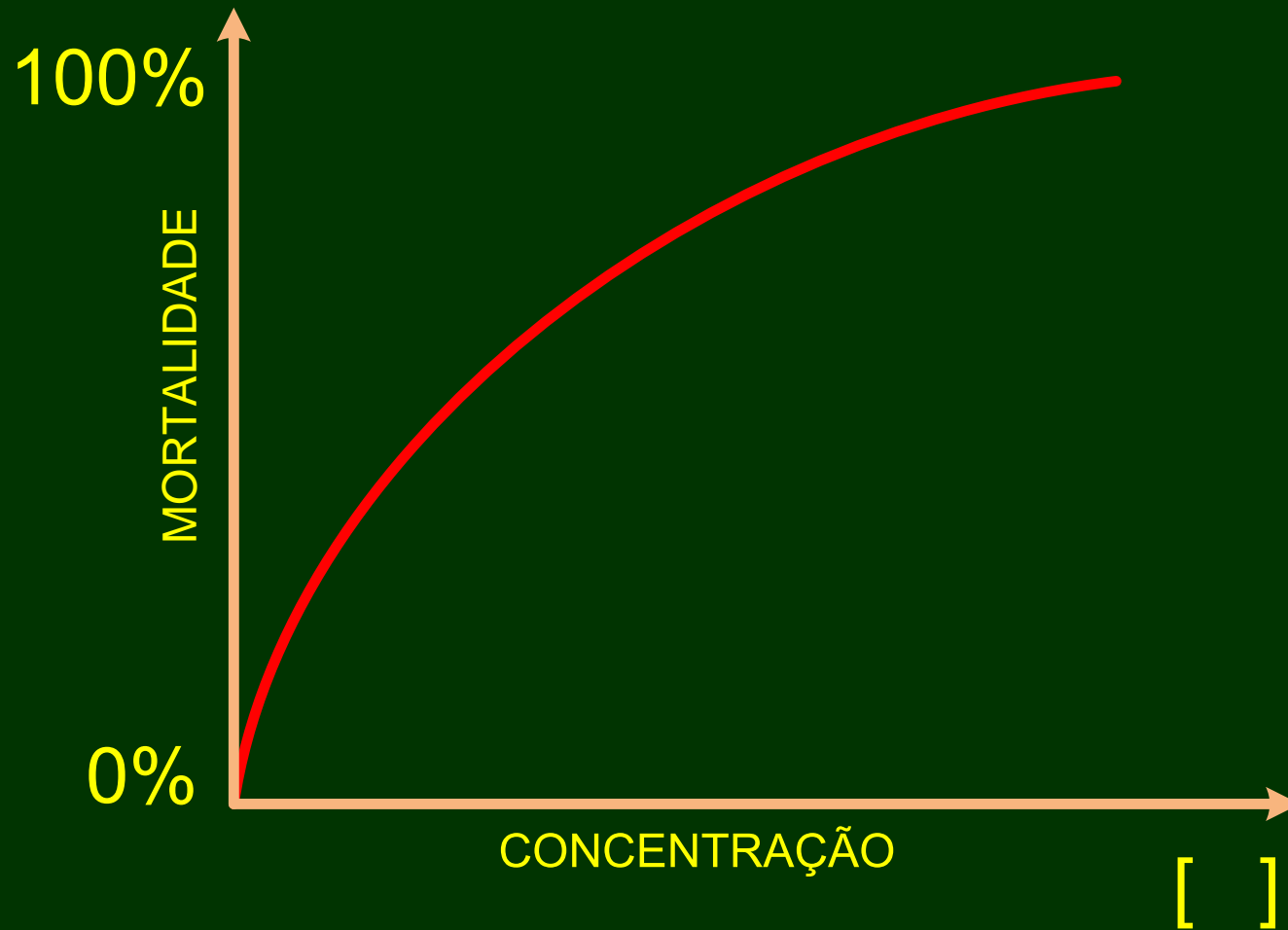
MÉTODO DE DERIVAÇÃO DOS VALORES DA TABELA DA RESOLUÇÃO CONAMA 344/04

DERIVAÇÃO DOS VALORES DA TABELA DA RESOLUÇÃO 344/04



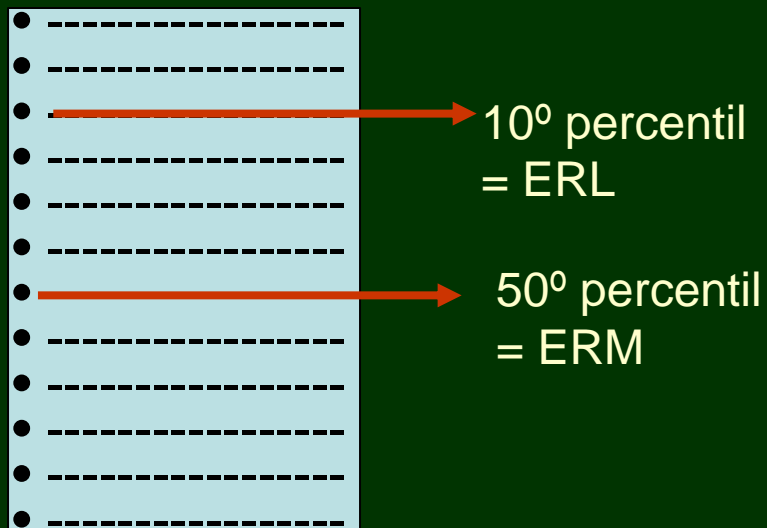
*Biological Effects Database for Sediments

CURVA DOSE-RESPOSTA

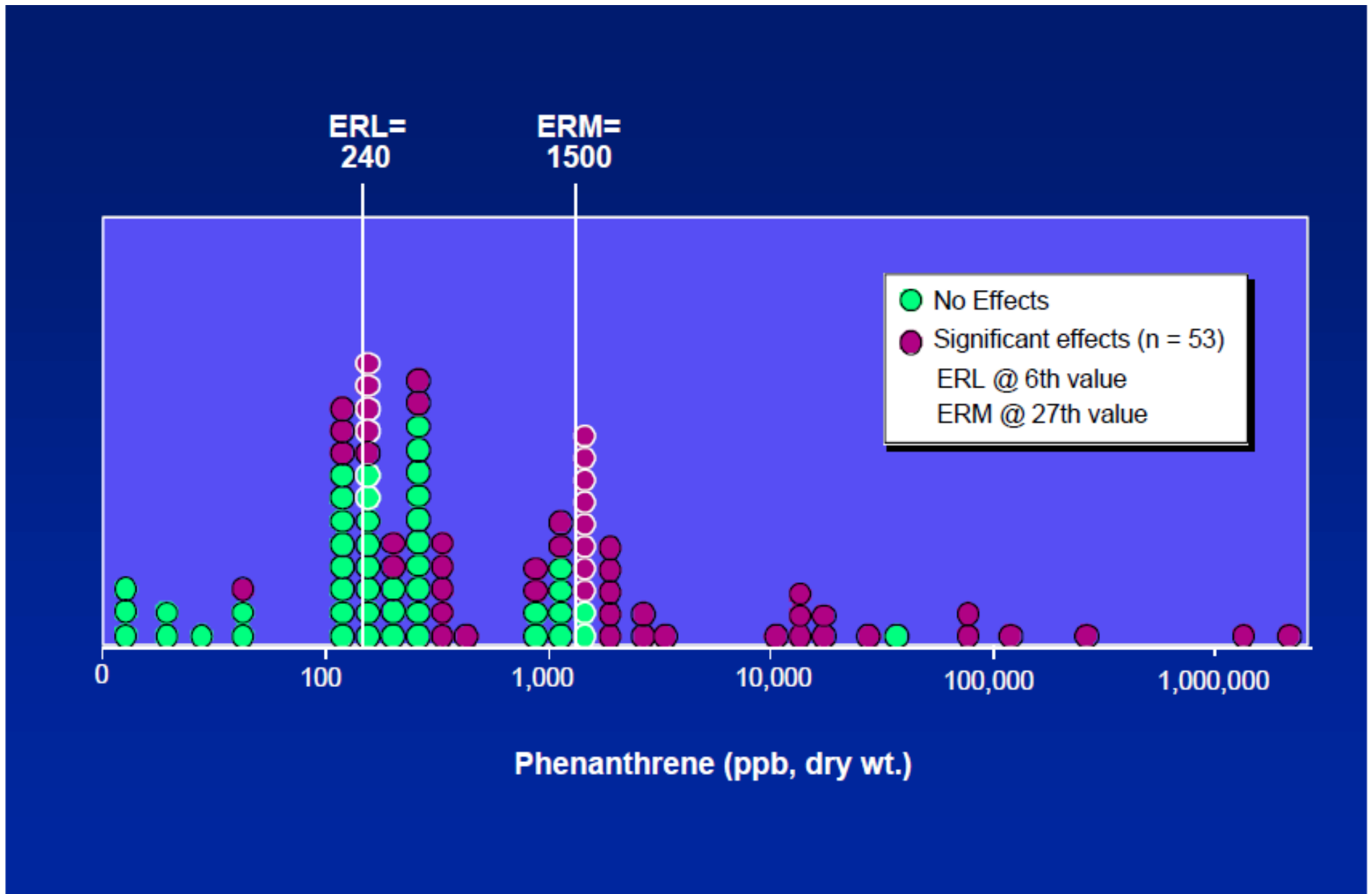


DERIVAÇÃO SEGUNDO O NOAA

Tabela ascendente de
Concentrações
correlacionadas OU NÃO a
algum efeito biológico



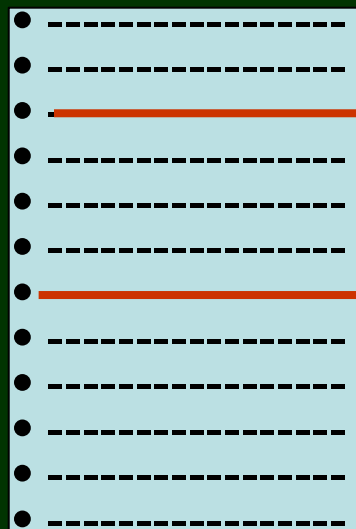
Metodologia desenvolvida por Long et. al, 1995 e adotada pelo *National Status and Trends Program* do NOAA



Dados para fenantreno. Símbolos verdes indicam dados não relacionados a efeitos tóxicos e em roxo relacionados a efeitos tóxicos

DERIVAÇÃO SEGUNDO O CANADA

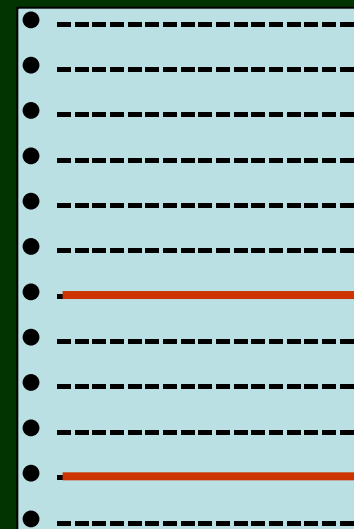
Tabela ascendente de
Concentrações
correlacionadas a algum
efeito biológico



15º percentil
= x

50º percentil
= y

Tabela ascendente de
Concentrações não
correlacionadas a algum
efeito biológico



50º percentil
= z

85º percentil
= w

- Média geométrica entre x e z = TEL
- Média geométrica entre y e w = PEL

PERCENTIS – a influência do banco de dados, exemplo:

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15

PERCENTIL 15º = 3,1

15% dos dados desta lista são menores ou iguais a 3,1

PERCENTIL 50º = 8,0

50% dos dados desta lista são menores ou iguais a 8,0

0
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15

PERCENTIL 15º = 1,4

PERCENTIL 50º = 7,0

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17

PERCENTIL 15º = 3,4

PERCENTIL 50º = 9,0

0
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17

PERCENTIL 15º = 1,7

PERCENTIL 50º = 8,0

TABLE LOWER LEVEL

Item	Column 1 Substances	Column 2 Concentration
	<i>Metal</i>	
1.	Cadmium and its compounds	0.6 mg/kg (dry weight)
2.	Mercury and its compounds	0.75 mg/kg (dry weight)
	<i>Organic compounds</i>	
3.	Total polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)	2500 µg/kg (dry weight)
4.	Total polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	100 µg/kg (dry weight)
	<i>Other substances</i>	
5.	Persistent plastics and other persistent synthetic materials in a comminuted form	4% by volume

5. (1) Waste or other matter referred to in section 4 that contains any of the substances set out in column 1 of the table to that section at a concentration above the concentration set out in column 2, shall be assessed using three marine or estuarine biological tests for sediment assessment, namely, an acute lethality test and

(a) two sub-lethal tests; or

(b) one sub-lethal and one bioaccumulation test.

6. If the results of the three marine or estuarine biological tests set out in subsection 5(1) meet the criteria set out for those tests, the waste or other matter shall subsequently be considered to be below the Lower Level of the National Action List.

7. If the results of either the acute lethality test set out in subsection 5(1) or the two other tests set out in paragraph 5(1)(a) or (b) fail to meet the criteria set out for those tests, the waste or other matter shall be considered to be above the Upper Level of the National Action List.

8. If the results of the acute lethality test set out in subsection 5(1) and one of the tests set out in paragraph 5(1)(a) or (b) meet the criteria set out for those tests, the waste or other matter shall be considered to be below the Upper Level but above the Lower Level of the National Action List.

<http://www.epa.gov/OWOW/oceans/gbook/gbook.pdf>



United States
Environmental Protection
Agency

Department of The Army
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

EPA 503/8-91/001
February 1991

Office of Water (4504F)

Evaluation of Dredged Material Proposed for Ocean Disposal

Testing Manual



U.S. Army Corps
of Engineers

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PREFACE

PART I. GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

- [1.0 Introduction](#)
- [2.0 Overview of the Regulations](#)

PART II. EVALUATION OF POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

- [3.0 Overview of Testing and Evaluation](#)
- [4.0 Tier I Evaluation](#)
- [5.0 Tier II Evaluation](#)
- [6.0 Tier III Evaluation](#)
- [7.0 Tier IV Evaluation](#)

PART III. DATA GENERATION

- [8.0 Collection and Preservation of Samples](#)
- [9.0 Physical Analysis of Sediment and Chemical Analysis of Sediment, Water, and Tissue Samples](#)
- [10.0 Guidance for Performing Tier II Evaluations](#)
- [11.0 Guidance for Performing Biological-effects Tests](#)
- [12.0 Guidance for Performing Bioaccumulation Tests](#)
- [13.0 Statistical Methods](#)
- [14.0 Quality-assurance Considerations](#)

Appendices

- A. Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, Parts, 220-228 (Not in electronic edition)
- [B. Numerical Models for Initial-mixing Evaluations](#)

Table 1. Overview of approaches used for dredged material management in several European countries

Approach	Countries
Action levels (ALs)	
2 ALs	Belgium, ^a Finland, ^b France, Germany, ^{ab} Latvia, ^b Spain ^{ab}
1 AL	The Netherlands, ^a Poland
5 Categories	Portugal
Case-by-case + ALs	Ireland, ^a Norway, United Kingdom ^{ab}
Case-by-case	Denmark, ^b Italy, ^{ab} Sweden

^a Bioassay.

^b Under revision.

REFERÈNCIA:

Integrated Environmental Assessment and Management — Volume 3, Number 4—pp. 539–551

© 2007 SETAC

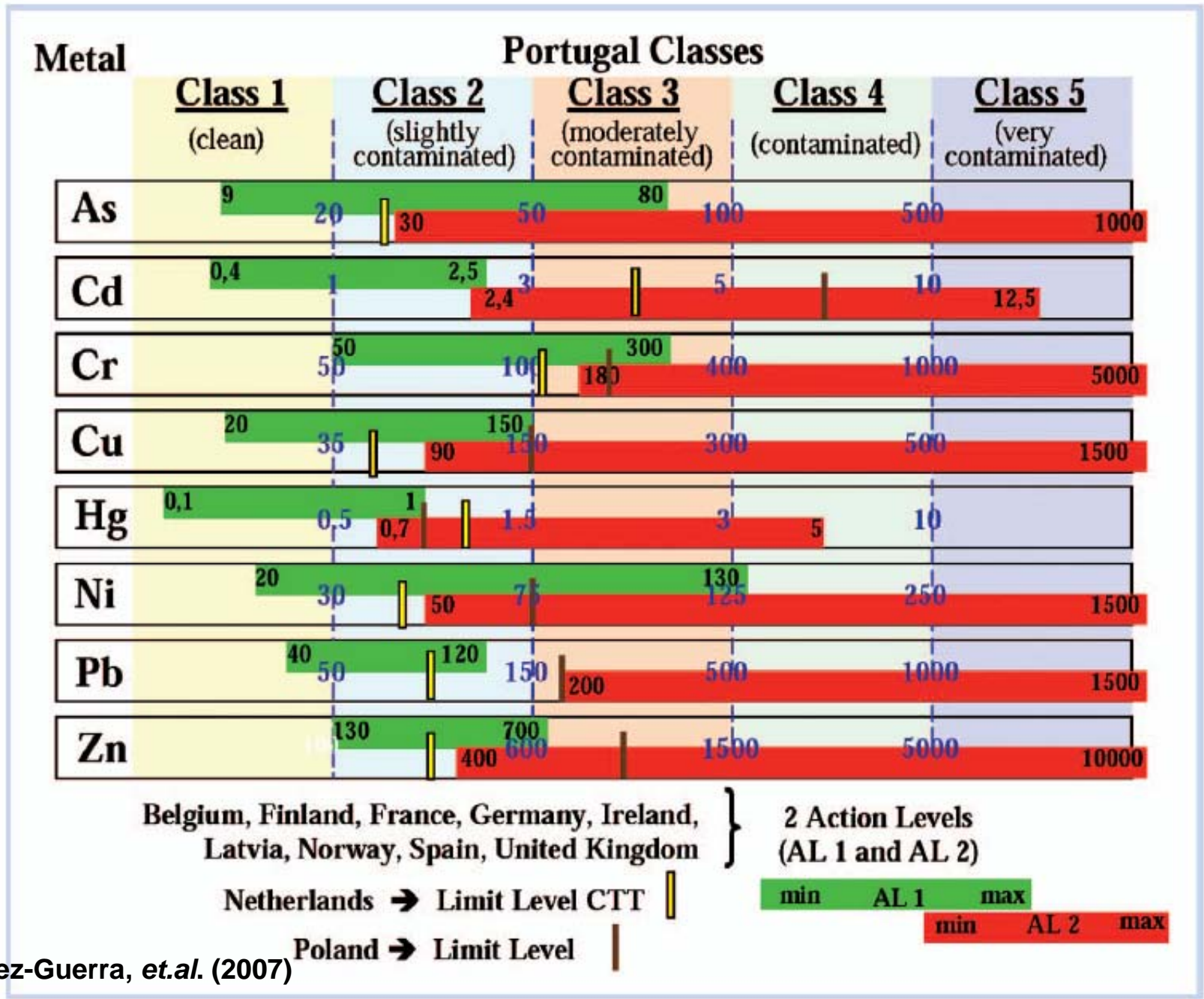
539

Sediment Quality Assessment and Dredged Material Management in Spain: Part II, Analysis of Action Levels for Dredged Material Management and Application to the Bay of Cádiz

Manuel Alvarez-Guerra,[†] Javier R Viguri,[†] M Carmen Casado-Martínez,[‡] and T Àngel DelValls^{*‡}

[†]Departamento de Ingeniería Química y Química Inorgánica, Escuela Técnica Superior de Ingenieros Industriales y de Telecomunicación (ETSIIIT), Universidad de Cantabria, Avenida de Los Castros, s/n, 39005 Santander, Spain

[‡]Cátedra UNESCO Unitwin/Wicop, Facultad de Ciencias del Mar y Ambientales, Universidad de Cádiz, Polígono Industrial Río San Pedro, s/n, 11510 Puerto Real, Cádiz, Spain



Alvarez-Guerra, et.al. (2007)

Figure 1. Action levels used by different European countries for metals to regulate dredged material disposal at sea. Comparison of the values (mg/kg dry weight) for countries that use a 2-action level approach (green and red rectangles for ranges of values of the AL1 and the AL2, respectively) with the values of other kinds of action level approaches (5 classes in Portugal and the individual limit levels set in The Netherlands [yellow bars] and Poland [brown bars]).

		As	Cd	Cr	Cu	Hg	Ni	Pb	Zn
Belgium	AL1	20	2.5	60	20	0.3	70	70	160
	AL2	100	7	220	100	1.5	280	350	500
Finland	AL1	15	0.5	65	50	0.1	45	40	170
	AL2	60	2.5	270	90	1	60	200	500
France	AL1	25	1.2	90	45	0.4	37	100	276
	AL2	50	2.4	180	90	0.8	74	200	552
Germany	AL1	30	2.5	150	40	1	50	100	350
	AL2	150	12.5	750	200	5	250	500	1,750
Ireland	AL1	9	0.7	120	40	0.2	21	60	160
	AL2	70	4.2	370	110	0.7	60	218	410
Latvia	AL1	20	1	100	100	1	20	100	200
	AL2	30	3	300	200	3	50	200	400
Norway	AL1	80	1	300	150	0.6	130	120	700
	AL2	1,000	10	5,000	1,500	5	1,500	1,500	10,000
Spain	AL1	80	1.0	200	100	0.6	100	120	500
	AL2	200	5.0	1,000	400	3	400	600	3,000
United Kingdom	AL1	20	0.4	50	30	0.25	30	50	130
	AL2	70	4	370	300	1.5	150	400	600

Alvarez-Guerra, *et.al.* (2007)